

In the Claims:

Please cancel claims 1-7 without prejudice or disclaimer.

Please add claims 8-15.

-- 8. A non-aqueous dermatic cosmetic material for perspiration control, comprising:

(A) 100 parts by weight of a silicone composition paste comprising (i) a cross-linked silicone polymer having hydrophilic polyoxyalkylene groups wherein polyoxyethylene moieties are comprised and (ii) a silicone oil, and

(B) 50 to 500 parts by weight of an aluminum compound having a perspiration control activity.

9. A non-aqueous dermatic cosmetic material according to claim 8, wherein the silicone polymer is a polymer produced by carrying out addition polymerization reaction of a hydrophilic polyoxyalkylene group-containing organohydrogenpolysiloxane, an organohydrogenpolysiloxane or a mixture thereof with a hydrophilic polyalkylene oxide having terminal aliphatic unsaturated groups, an organopolysiloxane having terminal aliphatic unsaturated groups or a mixture thereof, provided that at least either the hydrophilic polyoxyalkylene group-containing organohydrogenpolysiloxane or the polyalkylene oxide is a reactant in the addition polymerization reaction.

10. A non-aqueous dermatic cosmetic material according to claim 8, wherein the hydrophilic polyoxyalkylene groups are polyoxyethylene groups.

11. A non-aqueous dermatic cosmetic material according to claim 8, wherein the aluminum compound is an aluminum chlorohydrate or an aluminum zirconium chlorohydrate.

12. A non-aqueous dermatic cosmetic material according to claim 8, comprising 50 to 300 parts by weight of an aluminum compound.

13. A non-aqueous dermatic cosmetic material according to claim 8, wherein the silicone oil (E) is a dimethylsilicone, methylphenylsilicone, or fluorine-modified silicone19.

14. A non-aqueous dermatic cosmetic material according to claim 8, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer having hydrophilic polyoxyalkylene groups is produced by an addition polymerization reaction between an organohydrogenpolysiloxane and a compound having terminal aliphatic unsaturated groups.

15. A non-aqueous dermatic cosmetic material according to claim 14, wherein said organohydrogenpolysiloxane is a hydrophilic polyoxyalkylene group-containing organohydrogenpolysiloxane represented by formula, $R^1_a R^2_b H_c SiO_{(4-a-b)/2}$ (1), an organohydrogenpolysiloxane represented by formula, $R^1_j H_k SiO_{(4-j-k)/2}$ (2), or a mixture thereof, and said compound having terminal aliphatic unsaturated groups action is a polyalkylene oxide represented by formula, $C_m H_{2m-1} (C_2 H_4 O)_p (C_3 H_6 O)_q C_m H_{2m-1}$ (A), an organopolysiloxane represented by formula, $R^1_d R^3_e SiO_{(4-d-e)/2}$ (B), or a mixture thereof; and wherein

R^1 is an alkyl group containing 1 to 18 carbon atoms, an aryl group, an aralkyl group or a monovalent halogenated hydrocarbon group,

R^2 is $-C_n H_{2n} O (C_2 H_4 O)_f (C_3 H_6 O)_g R^4$,

R^3 is a monovalent hydrocarbon group containing 2 to 10 carbon atoms and having a terminal vinyl group;

R^4 is a hydrogen atom, a saturated organic group containing 1 to 10 carbon atoms, or $-CO-R^5$,

R^5 is a saturated organic group containing 1 to 5 carbon atom,;

$1.0 \leq a \leq 2.5$, $0.001 \leq b \leq 1.0$, $0.001 \leq c \leq 1.0$, $1.0 \leq d \leq 3.0$, $0.001 \leq e \leq 1.5$, $1.0 \leq j \leq 3.0$, $0.001 \leq k \leq 1.5$,

f and p are each an integer of from 2 to 200,

g and q are each an integer of from 0 to 200, and

m and n are each an integer of from 2 to 6;

and wherein said addition polymerization reaction involves at least either the organohydrogenpolysiloxane represented by formula (1) or the polyalkylene oxide represented by formula (A). --